

FISCHER, Jindrich; JILEK, Lubor; TROJAN, Stanislav

Reversibility of histopathological changes in the CNS caused by  
stagnation anoxia in ontogenesis in rats. Cas. lek. cesk, 101  
no.21:650-654 My '62.

1. Neurohistologicka laborator II. patologickoanatomickeho ustavu  
fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi KU v Praze, prednosta prof. dr.  
V. Jedlicka, DrSc. -- Fyziologicky ustav fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi  
KU v Praze, prednosta prof. dr. Fr. Karasek, DrSc.

(CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM pathol) (ISCHEMIA exper)  
(CEREBRAL ANOXIA exper)

JILEK, L.; FISCHER, J.; TROJAN, S.

Higher nervous activity changes under the influence of positive acceleration in rats of various ages. *Activ. nerv. sup.* 4 no.2:128-219. '62.

1. Fyziologicky ustav fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi Karlovy university v Praze.

(CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM *physiol*) (ACCELERATION)  
(AGING) (ANOXIA *exper*) (REFLEX CONDITIONED)

DIAMANT, J.; FISCHER, J.

On the validity of the measurement of frustration in children. Cesk.  
psychiat. 58 no.3:139-148 Je '62.

1. Psychiatricka klinika KU v Praze.

(FRUSTRATION in inf. & child)

CEPICKA, Jan; FISCHER, Jan

Neurotic traits as a prognostic factor in enuresis in childhood.  
Cesk. psychiat. 58 no.4:262-264 Ag '62.

1. Detske oddeleni psychiatricke kliniky KU v Praze.  
(ENURESIS) (NEUROSES)

CSABA, G.; TCHO, I.; BERNAD, Iren; FISCHER, J.

The immunological competence of the thymus and spleen in newborn and adult rat. Acta biol. acad. sci. Hung. 14 no.4:301-309 '64.

1. Department of histology and embryology (Head: I. Toro), Medical University of Budapest, and biometrical division, mathematical research institute (Head: I. Juvancz), Hungarian Academy of Sciences, Budapest.

CSABA, G.; TOROK, Ottilia; FISCHER, J.

Immunological competence of newborn and adult rat thymus and spleen after explantation in tissue culture. Acta biol. acad. sci. Hung. 16 no.2:161-168 '65.

1. Institute of Histology and Embryology, Medical University, Budapest (Head: I. Toro) Biometrical Division, Mathematical Research Institute of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences (Head: I. Juvancz). Submitted April 8, 1965.

FISCHER, Jiri, inz.; RADOLF, Vaclav; SYNAC, Jaroslav, inz.

Suppression of control device vibrations. Energetika Cz 11  
no.1:25-26 Ja '61.

FISCHER, Jiri, inz.

Switching-off test of steam turbines of 50 MW. Energetika Cz  
11 no.2:80-82 F '61.

STANEK, Miroslav, inz.; TEYSSLER, Jiri, inz., dr.; FISCHER, Jiri, inz.;  
SPITALNIK, inz.; STEKL, inz.; NAVRATIL, Miroslav, inz., dr.;  
IBLER, Jaroslav, inz., dr.; KARAS, Frantisek, prof., inz., dr., ScDr.;  
CESKA, inz.; HOFFMANN, V., inz.; CHALUPSKY, Josef, inz.;  
FAPSO, O., inz.; ROCEK, Jaroslav, inz., ScG.; SVEJDA, J., inz.;  
LENCZ, Imrich, inz.; RAJDA, Frantisek; BALOS, Jaroslav, inz.;  
MACHA, Jiri, inz.

Third National Conference on the Results of Research and  
Development of Power Installations. Energetika Cz:Suppl.:  
Energetika 13 no.6:1-24 '63.

ZAPLETAL, B.; FISCHER, J.; VEJCL, B.

~~XXXXXXXXXXXX~~  
Experience with the treatment of Buerger's disease and obliterating  
arteriosclerosis of the lower extremities. Rozhl. chir., 31 no. 3-5:  
127-138 1952. (CJML 23:3)

1. Of the Surgical Clinic (Head--Prof. V. Rapant, M. D.) of Palacky  
University, Olomouc.

KUCERA, J.; FISCHER, J.

**Pelvic phlebography.** *Rozhl. chir.* 35 no.8:474-476 Aug 56.

1. Z chirurgické kliniky Palackého university v Olomouci,  
prednosta prof. MUDr. Vladislav Rapant.

(PELVIS, radiography  
phlebography, diag. value (Cz))

RAPANT, Vladislav; FISCHER, Josef

Complications and difficulties in surgery of the abdominal  
aorta. Roshl. chir. 35 no.12:705-711 Dec 56.

1. Chirurgická klinika Palackého university v Olomouci, předn.  
prof. Dr. Vladislav Rapant.

(AORTA, surg.

abdom., compl., case reports (Cs))

FIŠKA, Josef, MUDr.

Arteriographic picture of obliterative arteriosclerosis. Rozel.  
chir. 36 no.6:416-419 June 57.

1. Chirurgická klinika Palackého university v Olomouci, přednosta  
prof. MUDr. Vladislav Rapant.

(ARTERIOSCLEROSIS OBLITERANS, diag.

arteriography (Cs))

(ANGIOGRAPHY, in various dis.

arteriosclerosis obliterans, arteriographic picture (Cs))

FISCHER, Josef

~~Repair of an obliterated artery by a homograft.~~ Cas. lek. cesk. 97 no.45:  
1423-1427 7 Nov 58.

1. Chirurgická klinika Palackého university v Olomouci přednosta prof.  
Dr. Vladislav Rapant. J. F. Olomouc chirurg. klinika PU.  
(ARTERIES, transpl.  
homograft replacement of obliterated arteries (Cs))

FISCHER, Josef

Our experiences with nylon arterial prostheses. Rozhl. chir. 38  
no.12:831-839 D '59

1. Chirurgická klinika Palackého university v Olomouci, přednosta  
prof. dr. Vladislav Rapan.

(ARTERIOSCLEROSIS, surg.)  
(NYLON)

FISCHER, JOSEF

SURNAME, Given Names

Country:

Czechoslovakia

Academic Degrees:

Surgical Clinic of Palacky University (Chirurgická klinika

Affiliation: Palackého university), Olomouc; Chief (Prednosta): Prof Dr V Rapant

Source:

Prague, Praktický Lekar, Vol 41, No 17, 5 September 1961  
pp 751-754 and 754-756

Data:

"Attainments and Obstacles in the Treatment of  
Obliterating Arteriosclerosis."

"Surgical and Conservative Treatment of the  
Post-phlebotic Syndrome."

Authors:

FISCHER, Josef, MUDr

TOMŠU, Miroslav, MUDr

FISCHER, Jindrich; JILEK, Lubor

The reaction of ganglion cells of the cerebral cortex, putamen and pallidum to stagnant anoxia during ontogeny. (An experimental study). Acta Univ. Carol. [med.] (Praha) 11 no.1:39-58 '65.

1. Neuropathological Laboratory, 2nd Pathological Institute, Faculty of General Medicine, Charles University, Prague (Head Prof. MUDr. V. Jedlicka, DrSc.) and Physiological Institute, Faculty of General Medicine, Charles University, Prague (Head Prof. MUDr. F. Karasek, DrSc.).

3172. New enzymological methods. II. Photo-  
metric determination of xanthine oxidase activity.  
O. War and K. Fischer (*Chem. Listy*, 1953, 47,  
1862-1864).—The activity of xanthine oxidase was  
conveniently determined by measuring, at 610 mμ

and at intervals of 30 sec., the extinction of solutions  
of the enzyme (obtained from milk) with dichloro-  
phenolindophenol (II). The determinations were  
carried out on a system consisting of the enzyme  
soln. (1 ml), a 0.0003 N soln. of I (0.3 ml), 0.05 M  
Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub> (0.85 ml) (pH 7.3), 0.1 M KH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> (0.45  
ml), 0.03 M NaCN (0.1 ml) and 0.005 M xanthine in  
0.1 N NaOH (0.3 ml). The pH of the system is 6.9.  
G. GLASSER

①

FISCHER, K.

Problems of automatic block installations; suggestion for a new system. Tr. from the German. p.316.

KOZLEKEDESTUDOMANYI SZEMLE. Budapest, Hungary. Vol. 9, no. 7, July 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC. Vol. 8, No. 9, September 1959  
Uncl.

FISCHER, Klara, dr.

Tragedies caused by contergan. Elst tud 17 no.50:1591-1594 16  
D '62.

FISCHER, L.

Preventorium for adults as a prophylactic factor in pulmonary tuberculosis. Gruzlica, Warszawa 18 no.2:280-284 Apr-June 1950.  
(CIML 20:7)

1. Of the Preventorium for Adults of the Polish Institute of Tuberculosis in Zakopane.

KOTLYAROVSKIY, I.I.; FISHER, L.B.; DULOV, A.A.; SLINKIN, A.A.

Oxidative polycondensation of p-diethynylbenzene. Izv. AN  
SSSR Otd.khim.nauk no.5:950-951 My '60. (MIRA 13:6)

1. Institut khimii Vostochno-Sibirskogo filiala Sibirskogo  
otdeleniya Akademii nauk SSSR.  
(Benzene)

1. Mannich reaction with p-diethynylbenzene derivatives

reaction, monohydride

has shown the feasibility of

method

Card 1/2



REF: AP4044711

FROM: Institut khimicheskoy kinetiki i goraniya (Institute of Chemical Kinetics and Combustion) of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR (Institute of Chemical Kinetics and Combustion, USSR)

FISCHER, Ludwik, Dr.

Obituary of Teodor Bialynicki Birula; 1886-1956. Gruslica  
25 no.2:93-96 Feb 57.

(OBITUARIES

Bialynicki Birula, Teodor (Pol))

(BIOGRAPHIES,

Bialynicki Birula, Teodor, bibliog. (Pol))

BOLEANTU, L.; GHEORGHIV, N.; FISCHER, M.

Experimental study on the stability of removable tower cranes.  
Studii tehn Timisoara 10 no.1:125-138 Ja-Je '63.

FISCHER, M.

Mechanics of the part rubber tire. p. 272. (Strojirenstvi, Vol. 7, No. 4, Apr 1957, Praha, Czechoslovakia)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC, Vol. 6, No. 8, Aug 1957. Uncl.

FISCHER, M.

The European species of the genus Opius Wesm. (Hymenoptera, Braconidae). Pt. 2b.  
In German. p. 241.

Orszagos Magyar Termeszettudomanyi Museum. MAGYAR NEMZETI MUZEUM TERMESZET-  
TUDOMANYI MUZEUM EVKONYVE. ANNALES HISTORICO-NATURALES MUSEI NATIONALIS HUNGARICI.  
Budapest, Hungary. vol. 9, 1958.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (MEAI) LC, vol. 9 no. 2, Feb. 1960  
Uncl.

FISCHER, M.

TECHNOLOGY

Periodical: SVET MOTORU. Vol. 12, no. 17, Aug. 1958.

FISHER, M. New trends in the development of passenger cars. p. 531.

Monthly List of East European Accession (EEAI), IC, Vol. 8, no. 3  
March 1959 Unclass.

Fischer, M.

New species of Opius Wesm. from Poland (Hymenoptera, Braconidae). p. 81.

ANNALES ZOOLOGICI. (Polska Akademia Nauk. Instytut Zoologiczny).

Warszawa, Poland, Vol. 18, no. 5, Apr. 1959. In German.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 8, August 1959.  
Uncla.

BOLEANTU, L.; FISCHER, M.

Contributions to the study of circular plane membranes. Bul St  
si Tehn Tim 9 no.2:389-398 J1-D '64.

L-11730-66 EWT(m)/ENP(t)/ENP(t)/ETI IJP(c) JD/JQ/RM

ACC NR: AP6020367

SOURCE CODE: UR/0078/66/011/003/0475/0477

AUTHOR: Ivanov-Emin, B. N.; Siforova, Ye. N.; Fisher, Marianna Mokes; Kampos,  
Virkhiniya Mel'yado

ORG: Peoples' Friendship University im. Patrice Lumumba (Universitet druzhby narodov)

TITLE: Study of the solubility of hydroxides of certain lanthanides in sodium hydroxide solutions

SOURCE: Zhurnal neorganicheskoy khimii, v. 11, no. 3, 1966, 475-477

TOPIC TAGS: hydroxide, solubility, sodium hydroxide, lanthanum compound, ytterbium compound, gadolinium compound

ABSTRACT: The solubility isotherm of lanthanum, gadolinium, and ytterbium hydroxides in sodium hydroxide solutions of various concentrations was studied at 25°C. The solubility of lanthanum hydroxide does not increase with rising NaOH concentration. The solubility isotherm of gadolinium hydroxide rises only slightly with NaOH concentration; the solubility curve has no maximum. In the case of ytterbium hydroxide, the solubility isotherm has a distinct maximum at an NaOH concentration of approximately 14.1 N; the solubility at this maximum amounts to 4 g of hydroxide per liter of solution, i.e.,  $2 \times 10^{-2}$  mole/l. The solid phase up to the maximum is  $\text{Yb}(\text{OH})_3$ , and at higher NaOH concentrations the solid phase is sodium hydroxoytterbate

Card 1/2

UDC: 546.65-36

L 41730-66

ACC NR: AP6020367

Na<sub>3</sub>[Yb(OH)<sub>6</sub>]. A determination of the lanthanide hydroxide concentrations in NaOH solutions, carried out gravimetrically and colorimetrically, showed that the acidic properties of the hydroxides increase with the atomic number of the lanthanide; this is attributed to the lanthanide contraction. Orig. art. has: 1 figure and 2 tables.

SUB CODE: 07/ SUBM DATE: 06Jul64/ ORIG REF: 003/ OTH REF: 008

Card 2/2 of

STERNBERG, A.; MOLNAR, E.; RAAB, K.; FISCHER, N.; KUZMANN, M.

Simple devices for the training of correct binocular vision. Szemeszet  
90 no.1:41-43 Feb 1953. (CJML 24:5)

1. Orthoptic Station of Second Eye Clinic (Doctor Tibor Nonay, Candidate  
Medical Sciences), Budapest Medical University.

FISHER, N. D., Cand Med Sci -- (diss) "Cytological research into the mucous membrane of the mouth cavity in normalcy and in some pathological processes." Moscow, 1960. 10 pp; (Ministry of Public Health RSFSR, Moscow Medical Stomatological Inst); 200 copies; price not given; (KL, 22-60, 145)

FISER, Milos; IVORAK, Zdenek

Importance of weight increase for the early diagnosis and prevention of late gestosis. Česk.gyn.25[39] no.8:604-607 0'60.

1. Gyn.por.klin.KU v Plzni, prednosta prof.dr. Vladimír Mikolas;  
gyn.por.odd. MUNZ v Plzni.

(PREGNANCY TOXEMIAS)  
(BODY WEIGHT in pregn).

BLECHA, J.; FISCHER, O.; PEREGRINOVA, A.

Neonatal weight curves in premature infants. Cesk.pediat.  
11 no.2-3:137-144 Mar 56.

1. Detska klinika Vojenske lekarske akademie J.E.Purkyne a  
Matematicky ustav CSAV.  
(INFANT, PREMATURE  
neonatal weight loss curve)

FISCHER, O.; DRACKA, O.

Study of reaction kinetics of electrode processes by means of electrolysis with a constant current. I. Study of dismutation of ions of a quinquivalent uranium. In German. Coll.Cz.Chem. 24 no.9:3046-3056  
S '59. (HEAI 9:5)

1. Physikalisch-chemische Abteilung der Pharmazeutischen Fakultät,  
und Institut für theoretische und physikalische Chemie, Masaryk-  
Universität, Brno. Jetzige Adresse: Institut für Hydrodynamik,  
Tschechoslowakische Akademie der Wissenschaften Brno. (for Dracka).  
(Electrodes) (Electrolysis) (Ions) (Uranium)

*Fischer, Oldrich*

~~IDENTITY, GIVEN NAME~~

Country: Czechoslovakia

Academic Degree:

Affiliation:

Source: Bratislava, Chemické Zvesti, No 11-12, Nov-Dec 63, p 743

Date:

~~IDENTITY, SURNAME~~

Academic Degree: Ph D

Affiliation: Department of Theoretical and Physical Chemistry,  
Faculty of Natural Sciences of Brno University;  
Physico-analytical Department, Pharmaceutical  
Faculty of Brno University

Date: Author of "Oscillographic Polarography of Hexarhodanochromic  
Anion," Source.

Oldrich Fischer

Academic Degree: Ph D

Affiliation: Department of Theoretical and Physical Chemistry,  
Faculty of Natural Sciences of Brno University;  
Also, Physico-analytical Department, Pharmaceutical  
Faculty of the University, Brno

Date: Co-author of "Oscillographic Polarography of  
Hexarhodanochromic Anion," Source.

*Bm*

FISCHER, O.; DRACKA, O.; FISCHEROVA, E.

Study of the kinetics of electrode processes by means of electrolysis with a constant current. V. Bimolecular irreversible chemical reoxidation of a depolarization product. Coll Cz chem 26 no.6:1505-1519 Je '61.

1. Institut für physikalisch-analytische Chemie und Institut für theoretische und physikalische Chemie, Brno. 2. Jetzige Adresse: Institut für Hydrodynamik, Tschechoslovakische Akademie der Wissenschaften, Prag. (for Dracka).

(Oxidation)

FISCHER, O.

SURNAME, Given Names

Country: Czechoslovakia

Academic Degrees: [not given]

Affiliation:

Source: Prague, Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communications,  
Vol 26, No 10, October 1961, pp 2570-2586

Data: "The Polarographic Behavior of Certain Chromium Complexes.  
I. The Hexarhodanate Trivalent Chromium Ion."

Authors:

FISCHEROVA, E, Institute of Theoretical and Physical Chemistry,  
Purkyne University (Institut fuer theoretische und physikalische  
Chemie, Purkyne-Universitaet), Brno

FISCHER, O, Physical-Analytical Institute, Purkyne University  
(Physikalisch-analytisches Institut, Purkyne-Universitaet), Brno

FISCHER, O.; DRACKA, O.

CSSR

Institute of Theoretical and Physical Chemistry, Purkyně University, Brno,  
and Institute of Hydrodynamics, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Brno

Prague, Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communications, No 12, 1962,  
pp 2727-2743

"Study of Kinetics of Electrode Processes with the Aid of Electrolysis and  
Constant Current VIII.  
Kinetic Manifestations in the Formation of Absorbent Salts on Mercury"

2

KISOVA, L.; JAKESOVA, M.; FISCHER, O.

CSSR

Institute for Theoretical and Physical Chemistry, Purkyně University,  
Brno (for all)

Prague, Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communications, No 12, 1962,  
pp 2854-2863

"Alternate Current Polarography of Rhodanocomplexes of Chromium"

(1)

FISCHER, O.

Examination of the kinetics of electrode processes by means of constant current electrolysis. Part 7: checking of some processes in the cellophane membrane. Coll Cz Chem 27 no.5:1119-1129 My '62.

1. Institut für theoretische und physikalische Chemie, Purkyne Universität, Brno.

FISCHER, O.; DRACKA, O.

Examination of the kinetics of electrode processes by means of electrolysis under constant current. Part 8: Kinetic phenomena in formation of adsorbable salts on mercury. Coll Cz Chem 27 no.12:2727-2743 D '62.

1. Institut für theoretische und physikalische Chemie, Purkyne Universität, Brno und Institut für Hydrodynamik, Tschechoslowakische Akademie der Wissenschaften, Brno.

KISOVA, L.; JAKESOVA, M.; FISCHER, O.

Alternating current polarography of thiocyanate complexes with chromium. Coll Cs Chem 27 no.12:2854-2863 D '62.

1. Institut für theoretische und physikalische Chemie, Purkyne-Universität, Brno.

KAVIN, J., inz.; FISCHER, O.

Ceramic lighting-gas accumulation stove. Paliva 43  
no.3:70-75 Mr '63.

KAVIN, J., inz.; ~~FISCHER, O.~~

Ceramic gas-accumulator stove. Paliva 43 no.5:151 My '63.

FISCHEROVA, E.; DRACKA, O.; FISCHER, O.

Polarographic behavior of some chromium complexes. Pt.3. Coll  
Cz Chem 30 no.1:10-27 Ja '65.

1. Institut für theoretische und physikalische Chemie, Purkyně  
Universität, Brno, und Institut für Hydrodynamik, Tschechoslowa-  
kische Akademie der Wissenschaften, Prague. Submitted October  
8, 1963.

FISCHEROVA, E.; FISCHER, O.

Polarographic behavior of some chromium complexes. Pt.5. Coll  
Oz Chem 30 no.3:675-682 Mr '65.

1. Institut fur theoretische und physikalische Chemie, Purkyne-  
Universitat, Brno. Submitted January 10, 1964.

DIENSTBIER, Emil; BALIK, Josef; FISCHER, Ota

Determination of the lipoproteins in the blood serum of patients with glaucoma. Cesk. ofth. 17 no. 3:205-213 My '61.

1. I oční klinika fakulty všeobecného lékařství KU v Praze, přednosta prof. dr. Emil Dienstbier Matematický ústav CSAV, přednosta akademik prof. dr. J. Novak.

(LIPOPROTEINS blood) (GLAUCOMA blood) "

FISCHER, P.

Studies on the role of peripheral receiving fields in the  
determination of reticulocytosis. p. 389. ACADEMIA  
REPUBLICA POPULARE ROMANA. Rumania Vol. 5, no. 2, Feb 1955

SOURCE: EEAL, Vol. 5, no. 11, August 1956

IAGNOV, S.,; DUMITRESCU, Mircea.; DIMITRIUM, Ofelia.; MICU, Dumitru.;  
FISCHER, Paul, S.

New tests for study of erythropoiesis; their clinical and  
therapeutic value. Probl. ter., Bucur. Vol 1:97-137 1954.

1. Membru corespondent al Academiei R.P.R. (for Iagnov).  
(ERYTHROCYTES  
form, physiol. & new tests)

DUMITRESCU, Mircea; DIMITRIU, Ofelia; FISCHER, P. S.; MICU, Dumitru;  
IAGNOV, S. membru corespondent al Academiei R.P.R.

Study of the correlations of blood, bone marrow and spleen and  
of the therapeutic indications for splenectomy. Bul.stiint.,  
sect.med., 6 no.4:883-936 Oct-Dec '54. (MLRA 8:8)

(HEMOPOIETIC SYSTEM, dis.

ther., liver extract with splenectomy, indic.)

(SPLENOMEGALY, surg.

splenectomy, indic)

(LIVER CIRRHOSIS, ther.

liver extracts, with splenectomy, in splenomegalic  
cirrhosis)

(SPLEEN, surg.

excis., in splenomegalic cirrhosis with hemopoietic  
disord. indic.)

IAGNOV, S., Prof.; FISCHER, P. S., dr.

Study of thrombopathies; clinical value of various tests  
for diagnosis of thrombopenias. Med. int., Bucur. 8 no.2:  
202-211 Apr-May 56.

1. Lucrare facuta in Clinica a II-a medicala a Spitalului
- I. C. Frimu. Membru corespondent al Academiei R.P.R. (For Iagnov).  
(PURPURA THROMBOPENIC, diagnosis  
tests of megakaryocytes & thrombocytic antibodies,  
value)

ZAMFIRESCU-GHIMORGHIU, M.; POPESCU, I. Gr.; FISCHER, P. S.; MAXIMILIAN, St.

An unusual type of blood protein disorder during epidemic hepatitis.  
Probl. ter., Bucur. 3:93-102 1956.

(HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS, complications  
hyperproteinemia with hyperglobulinemia & positive  
Takata reaction.)  
(BLOOD PROTEINS  
disord. in infect. hepatitis, with hyperglobulinemia  
& positive Takata reaction)  
(SERUM GLOBULIN  
hyperglobulinemia in infect. hepatitis, with hyperproteinemia)

POPESCU, I. Gr.; SAPOSNIC, A.; FISCHER, P. S.; SIMIONOVICI, B.

Trial therapy of epidemic hepatitis. Probl. ter., Bucur. 3: :  
213-229 1956.

(HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS, therapy  
dimercaprol, mineral water & vitamin B 12.)  
(DIMERCAPROL, ther. use  
hepatitis, infect.)  
(MINERAL WATER, ther. use  
hepatitis, infect.)  
(VITAMIN B 12, ther. use  
hepatitis, infect.)

RUMANIA/Human and Animal Physiology - (Normal and Pathological). T-3  
Blood. Blood Diseases.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 16, 1958, 74689

Author : Iagnov, S., Fischer, P.S., Kreindler, F., Micu, D.

Inst : -

Title : Investigation of Hematological Impairments During Cyrrhosis of the Liver.

Orig Pub : Probl. terap., 1957, 5, 45-64

Abstract : In patients with cyrrhosis (C) of the liver - with compensating (DC; 16) and decompensating (DC; 39) - quantitative and qualitative impairments were found of the red blood cells. The first are connected with decreased hemopoiesis (H), the second, with acute hemorrhagic symptoms. Decreased H was observed with serious C. Signs of anemia with CC sometimes were absent, with DC they were always observed. In 50 patients, macrocytosis was noted, in 5 the surface of the erythrocytes was normal or microcytotic. Due to

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RUMANIA/Human and Animal Physiology (Normal and Pathological).  
Blood. Blood Diseases.

T-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur L Biol., No 16, 1958, 74689

hemorrhagic C, microcytotic anemias developed. Hemorrhagic anemias were observed during DC as a result of sanguineous vomiting and sanguineous stool. In 75% of the cases of C, granulopenia were noted due to retention of the myelopoiesis. The quantity of eosinophil in a majority of cases was normal. Absolute lymphopenia was noted in 70, monocytopenia in 63% of the cases. With DC, impairments in the content of granulocytes is more expressed than with CC. In all cases, thrombopenia was observed, more expressed with serious illnesses, which is explained by the retention of megakaryocytic thrombopoiesis. Impairments in the picture of formed elements of the blood are connected, usually, with serious disorders of metabolism in C of the liver and with an inhibiting influence of the spleen on H. In the case of CC with hypersplenization, splenectomy gave good results. -- A.D. Beloborodova.

Card 2/2



RUMANIA/Human and Animal Physiology (Normal and Pathological).  
Blood, Blood Groups.

T-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 16, 1958, 74663  
Author : Dimitriu, Ofelia; Fischer, P.S.; Micu, D.; Dumitrescu, Sanda.  
Inst : -  
Title : On the Investigation of Immunothrombopenia.  
Orig Pub : Commun. Acad. RPR, 1957, 7, No 2, 285-290.

Abstract : In 4 cases out of 30, during cyrrhosis of the liver and other illnesses, samples of thrombocytic antibodies (A) were positive. In 2 cases of pathogenesis, A was connected with the presence of paraproteids. Seemingly, these A, by influencing the thrombopoiesis, caused a decrease of the quantity of thrombocytes. A correlation was not found between the titer of A, infections of the bone marrow, and thrombopenia. In some patients A were found blocking

Card 1/2

- 33 -

FISCHER, P.S.

Problems in diagnosis of cirrhosis. Med. int., Bucur. 9 no.11:1629-1641  
Nov 57.

1. Institut de terapeutica al Academiei R.P.R., Sectia de la Spitalul  
"I.C. Primu".  
(LIVER CIRRHOSIS, diagnosis  
methods & problems)

*FISCHER, P.S.*

MICU, D.; SIMIONOVICI, B.; FISCHER, P.S.; MELZER, V.

Hematological investigations in cardiac insufficiency. Probl. ter.,  
Bucur. no.7:41-61 1957.

(CONGESTIVE HEART FAILURE, pathology

bone marrow hypoplasia, hypocythemia, erythropoietic  
hypofunct. & other hematol. disord.)

(BONE MARROW, in various dis.

hypoplasia in congestive heart failure)

(HEMOPOIESIS

disord. in congestive heart failure)

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 6 Vol 13/3 Internal Med. Mar 59

1768. OBSERVATIONS ON 59 CASES OF HEPATIC COMA - Unele observații în legătură cu 59 cazuri de comă hepatică - Iagnov S., Fischer P.S. and Miron C. - MED. INTERNA (București) 1958, 10/1 (67-76) Tables 3  
These cases were observed in the last 5 yr. The incidence of coma is practically the same in cases of portal cirrhosis and epidemic hepatitis. The most frequent precipitating factors are haemorrhages, infections, massive evacuation para-

1768

centesis and treatment with mercurial diuretics. The syndrome was dominated by neuro-psychic disturbances. Frequent findings were jaundice (74%), haemorrhage (59%) and factor hepaticus (32%). Laboratory tests seldom gave conclusive results; the dysproteinaemia tests were usually positive. The main aim of treatment was to restore the electrolyte balance. The duration of the coma ranged from 2 to 312 hr. Only 5 of the 59 patients survived.

Nicolaescu - Bucharest

FISCHER, Rene (Praha 2. Ke Karlovu 4.)

Studies on functional capacity of the optic analyzer in work physiology.  
Pracovní řek. 10 no.1:28-31 Mar 58.

1. Ústav hygieny práce a chorob z povolání v Praze, oddělení fyziologie  
vyšší nervové činnosti.

(VISION,

tests, CMS fatigue & optic analyzer fatigue tests in  
workers (Cz))

FISCHER, Rene; BETAKOVA, Drahomira

Effect of various types of rest on dynamometric and ergographic performance. Pracovni lek. 11 no.4:183-187 May 59.

1. Ustav hygieny prace a chorob z povolani v Praze, oddeleni fyziologie vyssi nervove cinnosti. R.F., D.B., Praha 2, Ke Karlovu 4.

(MUSCLES, physiol.

ergography & dynamometry, eff. of rest (Cz))

(REST, eff.

on ergography & dynamometry (Cz))

FISCHER, R.; FORMINEK, J.; FRANTIKOVA, D.; HORVATH, M.

Changes of critical blinking frequency during the course of a  
workday in telephone operators. Cesk. fysiол. 9 no.1:12-13 Ja 60.

1. Vyzkumny ustav spoju. Ustav hygieny prace a chorob z povolani,  
Praha.

(FATIGUE)

FORMANEK, J.; FISCHER, R.; FRANTIKOVA, D.

The frequency of neurotic signs in female telephone and key punch operators. *Activ. nerv. sup.* 3 no.4:412-424 '61.

1. Vyzkumny ustav spoju, Praha (red. inz. F. Bozek) Ustav hygieny prace a chorob z povolani, Praha (red. prof. J. Teisinger)

(OCCUPATIONS AND PROFESSIONS) (NEUROSES statist)

HORVATH, M.; FISCHER, R.; FORMANEK, J.; FRANTIKOVA, D.; MIKISKA, A.

The strain on higher nervous activity in mechanized and automatized work and the possibility of its examination. Pracovni lek. 13 no.4: 163-168 My '61.

1. Ustav hygieny prace a chorob z povolani, Praha; Vyzkumny ustav spoju, Praha.

(INDUSTRIAL MEDICINE)  
(CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM physiol)

FORMANEK, J.; FISCHER, R.; FRANTIKOVA, D.

The critical flicker fusion frequency and the frequency of neurotic manifestations in various occupations. *Activ. nerv. sup.* 4 no.2: 183-184 '62.

1. Vyzkumny ustav spoju, Praha, Ustav hygieny prace a chorob z povolani, Praha.

(FLICKER FUSION) (NEUROSIS statist)  
(OCCUPATIONS AND PROFESSIONS)

FISCHER, P.; FRANTIKOVA, D.; FORMANEK, J.

Health problems of long-distance telephone operators. Prac. lek.  
14 no.10:471-476 D '62.

1. Ustav hygieny prace a chorob z povolani v Praze, reditel prof.  
dr. J. Teisinger, DrSc. Vyzkumny ustav spoju v Praze, reditel inz.  
F. Bozek.

(OCCUPATIONS AND PROFESSIONS)

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

M. PLZAK, R. FISCHER, E. LEDEREROVA and M. TOMANOVA, Psychiatry Clinic of Faculty of General Medicine of Charles University (Psychiatricka klinika fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi Karlove University) and Psychiatric Hospital (Psychiatricka lecebna) Horni Berkovice.

"Methylene Blue in Therapy of A Type of Symptomatic Depression."

Prague, Activitas Nervosa Superior, Vol 5, No 2, May 63; pp 180-181.

Abstract : Methylene blue 450 to 800 mg. daily to 15 arteriosclerotic depressive patients aged 50 to 71 (average 58.3) resulted in a very significant degree of improvement in 4, partial in 9 after 2 to 5 weeks of such treatment. Side effects pollakiuria and stranguria; analgesic effects also prominent in decrease of headaches. Further studies are urged.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

R. FISCHER, D. FRANTIKOVA and J. FORMANEK, Institute of Work Hygiene and Occupational Diseases (Ustav hygieny prace a chorob z povolani) Head (prednosta) Dr Prof J. TELSINGER, DrSc; and Communications Research Institute, (Vyzkumny ustav spoju), Chief (reditel) Inz F. ROZEK, Prague.

"Occupational Health Problems in Long-Distance Telephone Operators."

Prague, Pracovní Lékarství, Vol 14, No 10, Dec 1962; pp 471-476.

Abstract [English summary modified]: Comprehensive review of the world literature on the topic: proneness to neurotic lability, sensory (esp. auditory) impairment, autonomic-endocrine disturbances. Authors found negative results in limited studies on blood pressure and skin temperature measurements. They find no justification for considering neuroses as occupational and compensable, but auditory changes are such, however, they are mostly minor in degree. The problems persist, however, and remedial measures are outlined. The present 6,000 Czechosl. operators will not decrease in number until 1965; from then on automation will affect them- to 1,100 in 1980. About 40 worldwide ref's.

1/1

FISCHER, R.; DRVOTA, S.

The formation of conditioned reflexes in depressive and anxious patients. *Activ. nerv. sup. (Praha)* 7 no.2:195 '65

VONDRACEK, V.; FISCHER, R.

Light, shadows and the future of drug therapy of schizophrenia.  
Cesk. psychiat. 61 no.1:39-46 F'65.

1. Psychiatricka klinika fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi Karlovy  
University, Praha.

L 11011-66

ACC NR: AP6004621

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0083/65/000/001/0039/0046

AUTHOR: Vondracek, V.—Vondrachek, V. (Prague); Fischer, R.—Fisher, R. 213

ORG: Psychiatric Clinic, Faculty of General Medicine, Charles University, Prague  
(Psychiatricka klinika fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi KU)

TITLE: Lights, shadows, and the future of the pharmacotherapy of schizophrenia

SOURCE: Ceskoslovenska psychiatrie, no.1, 1965, 39-46.

TOPIC TAGS: psychotherapy, drug treatment, psychoneurotic disorder, toxicology, biologic metabolism, nervous system disease

ABSTRACT:

Schizophrenia is not a genuine clinical entity; diagnosis of "nuclear" schizophrenia will be the same anywhere; other forms differ according to attending psychiatrists. Nuclear S. can cause macroscopic, atypical changes in the CNS, especially an expansion of the ventricles. Toxic theory of S. is discussed, and its connection with faulty metabolism evaluated. Pharmacotherapy, namely insulinotherapy is discussed; its influence upon the CNS is evaluated. Side effects, undesirable effects, and toxic effects of psychopharmacological agents are discussed. Positive aspects of psychopharmacological agents are described: loss of psychomotor excitation, hallucinations, and delusions, and acquisition of insight into the disease mechanism, as well as easier work of the medical

Card 1/2

HW

L 11011-66

ACC NR: AP6004621

personnel. Negative aspects are: undesirable effects, parkinsonism, inhibition of activity, and mechanization of therapy. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 005 / OTH REF: 014

HW  
Card 2/2

L 13162-56 EWA(j)/EWA(b)-2 RO

ACC NR: AP6005686

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0079/65/007/002/0195/0195

AUTHOR: Fischer, R.; Drvota, S.

ORG: Research Laboratory, Psychiatric Clinic, Charles University, Prague

TITLE: Formation of conditioned reflexes in depressive and anxious patients [This paper was presented at the Third Interdisciplinary Conference on Experimental and Clinical Study of Higher Nervous Functions held in Marianske Lazne from 19 to 23 October 1964.]

SOURCE: Activitas nervosa superior, v. 7, no. 2, 1965, 195

TOPIC TAGS: conditioned reflex, drug effect, nervous system drug, psychoneurotic disorder

ABSTRACT: Formation of conditioned reflexes in various mental diseases is discussed. The effect of administering psychotropic drugs immediately after the first formation of conditioned reflexes is described. Experiments with 15 patients hospitalized at the authors' clinic are described. Imipramine improved the differentiation ratio within one hour after a dose of 75 mg. Therapy using amitriptyline is described. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 06, 05 / SUBM DATE: none

Card 1/1

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

SOUCEK, K.; PLZAK, M.; FISCHER, R.: Psychiatric Clinic, Faculty of General Medicine, Charles University ( Psychiatricka Klin. Fak. Vseob. Lek. KU), Prague.

"Total Length of the Endogenous Depression Phase During Treatment with Imipramine (Melipramine and Nortriptyline (Lundbeck))."

Prague, Activitas Nervosa Superior, Vol 8, No 4, Nov 66, pp 385 - 386

Abstract: 40 patients were treated with each of the drugs. All of those treated with Nortriptyline showed an early reduction of the depressive symptomatology. In periodic depressions the total length of the depression phase was not affected. In manic-depressive psychoses the total length of the depression phase was shortened substantially by Nortriptyline when compared to the treatment with Melipramine. No references. Submitted at the 8th Annual Psychopharmacological Meeting at Jesenik, 18 - 22 Jan 66.

1/1

IAGNOV, S.; ZAMFIRESCU-GHEORGHIU, Marcela; POPESCU, G. I.; FISCHER, S. P.;  
SIMIONOVICI, B.; MAXIMILIAN, S.

Clinical value of tests of urinary elimination of carbonyl substances, expressed in pyruvic acid, for the study of the evolution of epidemic hepatitis. Probl. ter.,Bucur. 4:111-121 1956.

1. Institutul de terapeutica al Academiei R.P.R., Sectia de la Spitalul O. C. Frimu.

(HEPATITIS INFECTIOUS, urine in  
carbonyl substances, expressed in pyruvic acid, value  
of determ.)

(PYRUVATES, in urine  
pyruvic acid, in infect. hepatitis, clin. value of determ.)

IAGNOV, S.; FISCHER, S. P.; POPESCU, G. I.; MICU, D.

Study of hematological disorders in epidemic hepatitis. Probl. ter., Bucur. 4:123-172 1956.

1. Institutul de terapeutica al Academiei R.P.R., Sectia de la Spitalul I. C. Frimu.

(HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS, blood in  
cell counts, erythrocyte destruction & osmotic resist.,  
hematocrit & disord. of hemopoiesis)

(BLOOD CELLS  
count in infect. hepatitis)

(ERYTHROCYTES  
destruction & osmotic resist. in infect. hepatitis)

(HEMPOIESIS  
disord. in infect. hepatitis)

FISCHER, Tamas, dr.; RONA, Gyorgy, dr.

Clinical significance of presystolic gallop rhythm. Orv. hetil.  
106 no.27:1265-1267 4 JI'65

1. Orvostovabbkepzo Intezet, II. Belgyogyaszati Tanszek (tanszekvezeto: Schwarczmann, Pal, dr.).

FISCHER, Stanislav

Fourth Czechoslovak expedition to Antarctica. Vestnik CSAV 73  
no.3:517-519

FISCHER, V;NOVAK, J.

Experiences with undecylenic acid. Cesk. dermat. 25 no.7-8:  
273-278 July 1950. (CML 20:1)

1. Of the First Dermato-Venereological Clinic in Prague (Head—  
Prof. K. Gawalowski, M. D.).

FISCHER, W.

PROCESSES AND PROPERTIES INDEX

140 AND 1400 GROUPS

SA

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t

2232. Project of a national load dispatcher system in Poland. Fischer, W. *Przegl. Elektrotech.*, 24, 303-303 (Nov. 21, 1948) In Polish.—An outline is given of telecommunications in the national power grid, based on detailed statistics for 1947 (fictive power plants above 1 MW nominal—2 284 MW total) and on estimates by 1953 (3 848 MW total). Basic equipment for h.f. links over h.v. lines is coming from Holman and Axon (Sweden) to give telephones and teleprinter facilities over the entire

system by 1953, telemetering and indicating devices being derived. A central dispatcher control (Kato-wice) to be realized by 1954.

A. S.

A50-51A METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

ELECTRONIC LITERATURE

1000 LITERATURE

10000 01

10000 01

10000 01

10000 01

FISCHER, W.

"Tasks and Basic Trends in the Activities of Professional Training; Directives for Educational Officers of the Training Centers of the Association of Polish Engineers."

p.303

(PRZEGLAD ELEKTROTECHNICZNY Vol. 29, no. 7, July 1953 Warszawa, Poland)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, LC, Vol. 3, no. 5, May 1954. Uncl.

FISHER, W.

"Developmental Trends of the Polish Power Industry", P. 3, (MIESIUSCI  
ELECTROTECHNIKA, Vol. 14, No. 1, January 1954, Warsaw, Poland)

SC: Monthly List of East European Accessions (FEAL), LC, Vol. 4, No. 3,  
March 1955, Uncl.

FISCHER, W.

"Training Activities of the Polish Electrical Engineers Association",  
P. 98, (WIADOMOSCI ELEKTROTECHNICZNE, Vol. 14, No. 5, May 1954, Warsaw,  
Poland)

SC: Monthly List of East European Accessions (FEAL), LC, Vol. 4, No. 3,  
March 1955, Uncl.

FISCHER, W.

"Ten Years of Electric Power Industry in Poland", P. 149, (WIAKONOSCI  
ELECTROTECHNICZNE, Vol. 14, No. 7, July 1954, Warsaw, Poland)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (ETAL), LC, Vol. 4, No. 3,  
March 1955, Uncl.

Z/034/62/000/012/001/004  
E073/E451

AUTHOR: Fischer, Zdeněk, Engineer

TITLE: Electrodeposition of nickel. Results of laboratory tests and experience gained in electrodeposition of nickel from  $\text{NiSO}_4$  solution

PERIODICAL: Hutnické listy, no.12, 1962, 861-865

TEXT: The inter-relationships are summarized between the different factors involved in the electrodeposition of nickel using insoluble anodes. The most favourable conditions are: electrolyte temperature = 70 to 80°C; pH = 1.8; inter-electrode distance = 7 cm; current density = 4 A/dm<sup>2</sup>. In earlier work, Engineer V. Kostál found that lead contamination could be reduced by substituting magnetite anodes for the 99% Pb, 1% Ag anodes used at present. Since this material is relatively expensive and no experience has been obtained of its use, it was decided to use a diaphragm in the cell. With an electrolyte containing 7.5 mg of Pb per litre, the electrodeposited nickel contained 0.006 to 0.008% Pb, and if the lead content of the electrolyte was less than 3 mg per litre the deposited nickel contained 0.001% Pb. If the electrolysis is carried out in separate compartments, the Card 1/3

Electrodeposition of nickel ...

Z/034/62/000/012/001/004  
E073/E451

electrolyte utilization rate is much higher, i.e. ten times as high as in the case of electrolysis with a diaphragm. Higher nickel deposition rates bring about an increase in the  $H_2SO_4$  content of the anolyte up to 60 g  $H_2SO_4$ /litre and this has a favourable influence, as the dissociation of  $PbSO_4$  is prevented with the result that the anolyte is less contaminated with  $Pb^{2+}$  ions. Laboratory equipment was built using a glass tank of 120 x 190 x 120 mm, heated indirectly by immersing the tank in a water bath. 1 mm thick aluminium sheet was used as the cathode and two 1 mm thick Pb + 1% Ag anodes were used. The anodes and the cathodes were 100 x 100 mm and the interelectrode spacing was 60 mm. The electrolyte contained: Ni - 90.69 g/l, Co - 14.24 mg/l, Fe - trace, Cu - 0.64 mg/l, Zn - 7.0 mg/l, Pb - 0.2 mg/l,  $Cl^-$  - 63.0 mg/l,  $SO_4^{2-}$  - 192.3 g/l,  $Na^+$  - 17.0 g/l. This electrolyte was refined by a new method of ozonization of  $NiCO_3$  developed by the team of Jedlíček at VÚK, Panenské Břežany. As diaphragms, loose material glued with acetone varnish onto spruce frames (of 150, 300, 600 and 1000  $cm^3$  volume) was used. Using a current density of 4 A/ $dm^2$ , a temperature of 65°C, an electrode

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Electrodeposition of nickel ...

Z/034/62/000/012/001/004  
E073/E451

spacing of 60 mm, an electrolyte flow rate of 300 to 350 ml/hour and a nickel content of 90 g/litre, the various diaphragms were tried out in order to determine the effect of the catholyte to anolyte volume ratio. A relative increase of the cathode volume increases the voltage across the cell. For a ratio of C:A = 0.081 the voltage was 3.85 V, whilst for C:A = 1 the voltage was 4.2 V. The optimum electrolyte flow rate using a diaphragm was studied under the above-mentioned conditions with a C:A ratio of 1:1 varying the flow rate between 130 and 1160 ml/hour. The most favourable conditions were: 15.5 to 23.35 g of nickel per litre, corresponding to a rate of electrolyte flow of 350 to 500 ml/hour. Under these conditions the current efficiency was 93 to 95%. A further increase of efficiency by about 1% could be achieved by increasing the temperature of the electrolyte to 70 to 80°C. There are 11 figures and 2 tables.

ASSOCIATION: MEZ, n.p., Postřelmov

SUBMITTED: March 28, 1962

Card 3/3

FISCHER, Z.

Some remarks concerning the food intake of the larvae of the dragon-fly *Erythromma najas* Hans. and *Coenagrion hastulatum* Chap. *Polakie arch hydrobiol* 12 no.2:253-264 '64

1. Institute of Inland Water Biology in Borok (USSR), and the M. Nencki Institute of Experimental Biology, Warsaw.

FISCHER, Z.

Life cycle of certain species of dragonflies of the *Lestes* genus in small astatic reservoirs. *Polskie arch hydrobiol* 12 no.3:349-382 '64.

1. Nencki Institute of Department of Experimental Hydrobiology, Warsaw. Submitted October 1, 1963.

FISCHEROVA, E.; FISCHER, O.

Polarographic behavior of some chromium complexes. Pt.5. Coll  
Cz Chem 30 no.3:675-682 Mr '65.

1. Institut für theoretische und physikalische Chemie, Purkyne-  
Universität, Brno. Submitted January 10, 1964.

*Fischerova, E.*

PERSONAL DATA

Country: Czechoslovakia

Academic Degree:

Affiliations:

Source: Bratislava, Chemické Zvesti, No 11-12, Nov-Dec 60, p 743

Date:

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Academic Degree: Ph D

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Faculty of Brno University

Date: Author of "Oscillographic Polarography of Hexarhodanochromic Anion," Source.

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Academic Degree: Ph D

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Faculty of the University, Brno

Date: Co-author of "Oscillographic Polarography of Hexarhodanochromic Anion," Source.

*But*

FISCHER, O.; DRACKA, O.; FISCHEROVA, E.

Study of the kinetics of electrode processes by means of electrolysis with a constant current. V. Bimolecular irreversible chemical reoxidation of a depolarization product. Coll Cz chem 26 no.6:1505-1519 Je '61.

1. Institut für physikalisch-analytische Chemie und Institut für theoretische und physikalische Chemie, Brno, 2. Jetzige Adresse: Institut für Hydrodynamik, Tschechoslowakische Akademie der Wissenschaften, Prag. (for Dracka).

(Oxidation)

FISCHEROVA, E.

SURNAME, Given Names

Country: Czechoslovakia

Academic Degrees: [not given]

Affiliation:

Source: Prague, Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communications,  
Vol 26, No 10, October 1961, pp 2570-2586

Data: "The Polarographic Behavior of Certain Chromium Complexes.  
I. The Hexarhodanate Trivalent Chromium Ion."

Authors:

FISCHEROVA, E, Institute of Theoretical and Physical Chemistry,  
Purkyne University (Institut fuer theoretische und physikalische  
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FISCHER, O, Physical-Analytical Institute, Purkyne University  
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